


SOFT TISSUE SARCOMA

Hospital Name/Address



**Presbyterian
Hospital of Dallas**
Texas Health Resources

8200 Walnut Hill Lane
Dallas, Texas 75231

Patient Name/Information

Patient name _____

Medical Record # _____

Date of Classification _____

Type of Specimen _____
Tumor Size _____

Histopathologic Type _____
Laterality: Bilateral Left Right

DEFINITIONS

<u>Clinical</u>	<u>Pathologic</u>	Primary Tumor (T)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	TX	Primary tumor cannot be assessed
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T0	No evidence of primary tumor
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T1	Tumor 5 cm or less in greatest dimension
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T1a	superficial tumor ⁽¹⁾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T1b	deep tumor
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T2	Tumor more than 5 cm in greatest dimension
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T2a	superficial tumor ⁽¹⁾
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T2b	deep tumor

<u>Clinical</u>	<u>Pathologic</u>	Regional Lymph Nodes (N)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	NX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	N0	No regional lymph node metastasis
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	N1	Regional lymph node metastasis

<u>Clinical</u>	<u>Pathologic</u>	Distant Metastasis (M)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	MX	Distant metastasis cannot be assessed
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	M0	No distant metastasis
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	M1	Distant metastasis

Biopsy of metastatic site performed Y N
Source of pathologic metastatic specimen _____

Notes

- Superficial tumor is located exclusively above the superficial fascia without invasion of the fascia; deep tumor is located either exclusively beneath the superficial fascia, superficial to the fascia with invasion of or through the fascia, or both superficial yet beneath the fascia. Retroperitoneal, mediastinal, and pelvic sarcomas are classified as deep tumors.
- Ewing's sarcoma is classified as G4.

Stage Grouping								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	I A	T1a	N0	NX <input type="checkbox"/> M0	G1-2	G1	Low
			T1b	N0	NX <input type="checkbox"/> M0	G1-2	G1	Low
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	IB	T2a	N0	NX <input type="checkbox"/> M0	G1-2	G1	Low
			T2b	N0	NX <input type="checkbox"/> M0	G1-2	G1	Low
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	II A	T1a	N0	NX <input type="checkbox"/> M0	G3-4	G2-3	High
			T1b	N0	NX <input type="checkbox"/> M0	G3-4	G2-3	High
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	II B	T2a	N0	NX <input type="checkbox"/> M0	G3-4	G2-3	High
			T2b	N0	NX <input type="checkbox"/> M0	G3-4	G2-3	High
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	III	T2b	N0	NX <input type="checkbox"/> M0	G3-4	G2-3	High
			IV	Any T	N1	M0	Any G	Any G
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		Any T	N0	M1	Any G	Any G	High or Low

Histologic Grade (G)

- GX Grade cannot be assessed
- G1 Well differentiated
- G2 Moderately differentiated
- G3 Poorly differentiated
- G4 Poorly differentiated or undifferentiated (four-tiered systems only)⁽²⁾

Residual Tumor (R)

- RX Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed
- R0 No residual tumor
- R1 Microscopic residual tumor
- R2 Macroscopic residual tumor

Additional Descriptors

For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the “m” suffix and “y,” “r,” and “a” prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis.

- m suffix** indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM.
- y prefix** indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a “y” prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The “y” categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy.
- r prefix** indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the “r” prefix: rTNM.
- a prefix** designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.

Prognostic Indicators (if applicable)

Notes

Additional Descriptors

Lymphatic Vessel Invasion (L)

- LX Lymphatic vessel invasion cannot be assessed
- L0 No lymphatic vessel invasion
- L1 Lymphatic vessel invasion

Venous Invasion (V)

- VX Venous invasion cannot be assessed
- V0 No venous invasion
- V1 Microscopic venous invasion
- V2 Macroscopic venous invasion

Staging Support Request:

Please fax staging form to my office for completion at fax # _____

Please assign staging form to Dr. _____

I am unable to stage at this time because workup is incomplete. Please return chart to me in 60 days.

Physician initials _____ Date _____

Staging Summary: T____ N____ M____ Stage Group _____

Physician's Signature _____ Date _____